KUWEKEZA KATIKA SIKU ZA USONI

VIJANA NA UZAZI WA MPANGO TANZANIA

KINACHOENDELEA TANZANIA KWA SASA

Karibu kila kijana wa kike aliyeolewa mmoja kati ya wane wenye umri kati ya miaka 15 hadi 19 wanatamani kutumia njia za uzazi wa mpango lakini kwa sasa hawatumii njia yoyote.

Kuzaa mapema kuna uhusiano na kiwango cha elimu cha mhusika.

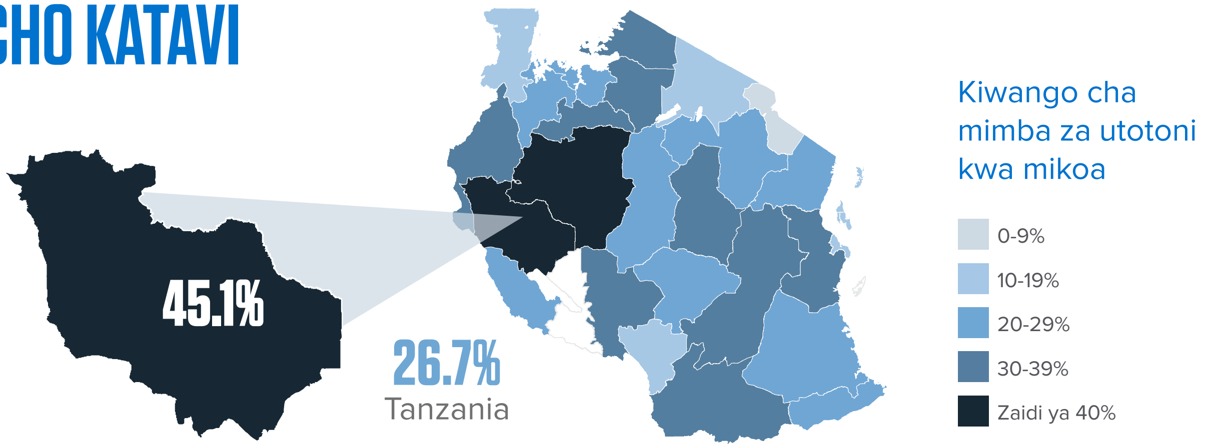
52%	hawana elimu kabisa
34%	wana elimu ya msingi
10%	wana elimu ya sekondari

Kwa ujumla, uzazi chini ya miaka 18 unaweza kusababisha **MAISHA MAGUMU ZAIDI** kwa wanawake wadogo, yakiwemo:

- Kuongezeka hatari ya matatizo ya afya kwa mama na mtoto
- Uwezekano mkubwa wa kuacha shule
- Uwezekano mkubwa wa kutofanya kazi
- Mtandao mdogo wa kijamii
- Uwezekano mkubwa wa kulea mtoto mwenyewe na talaka

TUPIA JICHO KATAVI

Katavi ina kiwango kikubwa ziaidi cha **mimba za utotoni** Tanzania



Kuwekeza katika huduma za uzazi mpango kwa vijana **104,924** mkoani Katavi utafungua uwezo wao wa kuchangia maendeleo ya kiuchuni ya Katavi kwa muongo ujao.

NINI WATUNGA WA SERA WANAPASWA KUFANYA?

- Kuimarisha elimu ya afya ya uzazi kwa rika husika
- Kushirikiana na jamii na viongozi wa kimila kutatua vizuizi vya kijadi
- Kuhakikisha huduma rafiki za uzazi wa mpango kwa vijana
- Kuwahusisha vijana katika uundwaji na utekelezaji wa mipango ya uzazi wa mpango

KUMBUKUMBU

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Kumbuka: Vijana ni wale wenye umri kati ya miaka 15 hadi 24

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