

KUWEKEZA KATIKA SIKU ZA USONI

VIJANA NA UZAZI WA
MPANGO TANZANIA

KINACHOENDELEA TANZANIA KWA SASA

Karibu kila kijana wa kike aliyeolewa mmoja kati ya wane wenye umri kati ya miaka 15 hadi 19 wanatamani kutumia njia za uzazi wa mpango lakini kwa sasa hawatumii njia yoyote.



Kuzaa mapema kuna uhusiano na kiwango cha elimu cha mhusika.

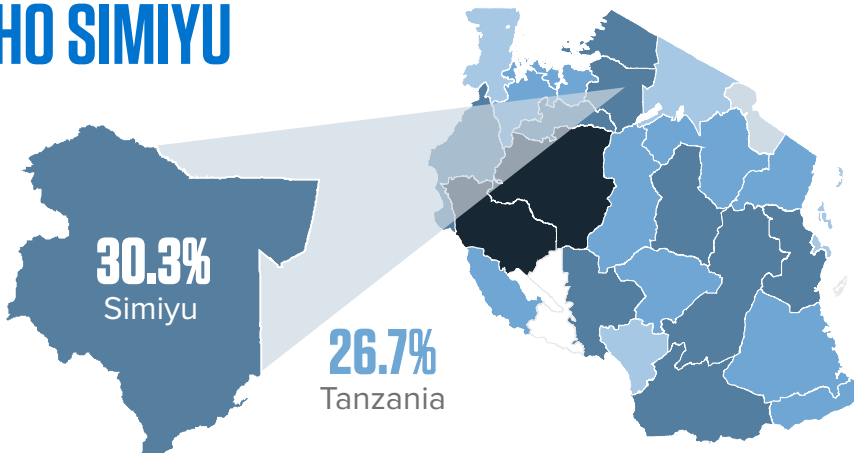


Kwa ujumla, uzazi chini ya miaka 18 unaweza kusababisha **MAISHA MAGUMU ZAJI** kwa wanawake wadogo, yakiwemo:

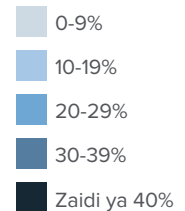
- Kuongezeka hatari ya matatizo ya afya kwa mama na mtoto
- Uwezekano mkubwa wa kuacha shule
- Uwezekano mkubwa wa kutofanya kazi
- Mtandao mdogo wa kijamii
- Uwezekano mkubwa wa kulea mtoto mwenyewe na talaka

TUPIA JICHO SIMIYU

Simiyu ina kiwango kikubwa idadi kubwa ya **mimba za utotoni** kuliko kiwango cha Tanzania



Kiwango cha mimba za utotoni kwa mikoa



Kuwekeza katika huduma za uzazi wa mpango kwa vijana **296,272** mkoani Simiyu utafungua uwezo wao wa kuchangia maendeleo ya kiuchumi ya Simiyu kwa muongo ujao.

NINI WATUNGA WA SERA WANAPASWA KUFANYA?



Kuimarisha elimu ya afya ya uzazi kwa rika husika



Kushirikiana na jamii na viongozi wa kimila kutatua vizuizi vya kijadi



Kuhakikisha huduma rafiki za uzazi wa mpango kwa vijana



Kuwahusisha vijana katika uundwaji na utekelezaji wa mipango ya uzazi wa mpango

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KUMBUKUMBU

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Kumbuka: Vijana ni wale wenye umri kati ya miaka 15 hadi 24



"Every Life of a Mother and Child Counts"

